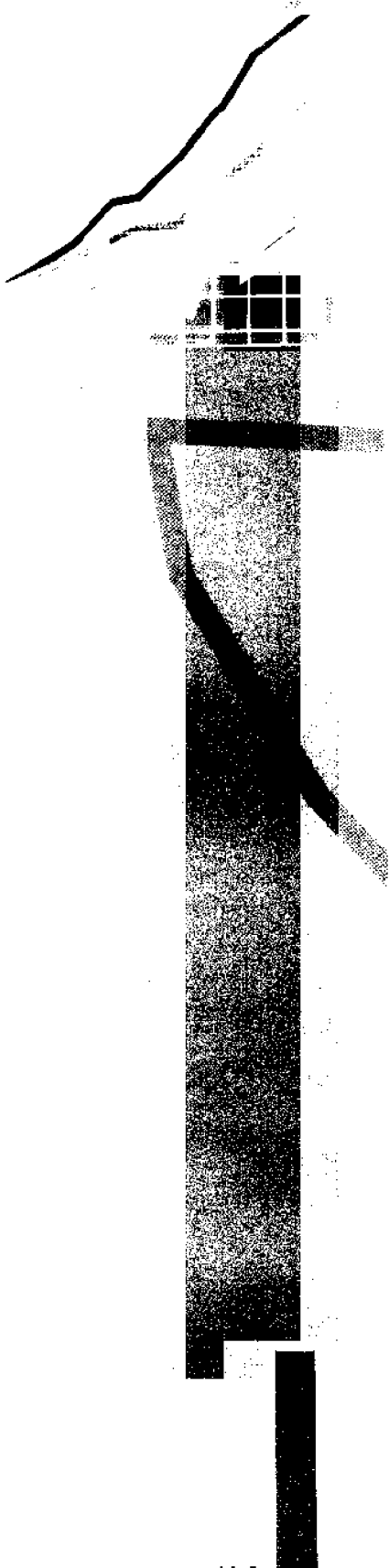


**Australian
Bureau of
Statistics**

TASMANIAN

STATISTICAL INDICATORS

August 1995





TASMANIAN

STATISTICAL INDICATORS

August 1995

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ENQUIRIES

For further information, contact the Information Officer on (002) 20 5800 or write to the Deputy Commonwealth Statistician, GPO Box 66A, Hobart, 7001 (Ground floor, 175 Collins Street, Hobart).

Publications issued by the Tasmanian Office during July 1995

<i>Catalogue number</i>	<i>Publication</i>	<i>Date of release</i>
1302.6	Tasmanian Pocket Year Book 1995	03/07/95
1305.6	Tasmania at a Glance 1995	31/07/95
4175.6	Participation in Sporting and Physical Recreational Activities, Tasmania, October 1994	19/07/95
8731.6	Building Approvals, Tasmania, May 1995	14/07/95
8741.6	Dwelling Unit Commencements, Tasmania, April 1995	10/07/95
1303.6	Statistical Indicators, Tasmania, July 1995	10/07/95

Symbols and other usages

The following standard symbols are used in publications of the Tasmanian Office of the Bureau:

ASIC	Australian Standard Industrial Classification
M	males
F	females
P	persons
n.a.	not available
n.e.c.	not elsewhere classified
n.e.i.	not elsewhere included
n.p.	not available for separate publication, but included in totals where applicable
n.y.a.	not yet available
p	preliminary — figure or series subject to revision
r	figure or series revised since previous issue
s	subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes
..	not applicable
—	nil or rounded to zero
—	break in continuity of series (where a line is drawn between two consecutive figures in the same column, or alongside two or more figures in consecutive columns)
(M)	Municipality
(C)	City

Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

Values are shown in Australian currency.

Commentary

Definitions

Trend series estimates are used to "smooth" data to enable longer term trends to become more noticeable. They are the preferred series to use when making a comparison over time, e.g 12 months.

Original series estimates (or unadjusted estimates) are the survey data as collected, generalised to the relevant population. These estimates have not been seasonally adjusted or trend adjusted ("smoothed").

Employment

States' trend series comparisons—

The Australian and State *trend series* comparisons are given on page 24. There was an increase of 3.0% in Tasmania's employment over the year to June 1995. The largest percentage increase in employment was in Queensland (6.2%). The next highest percentage increase in employment was in Western Australia (5.6%), followed by Victoria (4.6%) and NSW (4.1%). South Australia had an increase in employment of 2.0%.

Regional Tasmania's original series figures—

In the Hobart and Southern Statistical Division the estimate of *unadjusted* employment increased by 3,200 between June 1994 and June 1995 to 101,700. Employment in the Northern Statistical Division increased by 1,900 between June 1994 and June 1995 to 54,200. The estimate of employment in the Mersey-Lyell Statistical Division was 42,600 in June 1995, a decrease of 1,500 on the figure for June 1994.

(See tables 3-8, pages 2-7.)

Unemployment

Tasmania's trend series figures—

The Tasmanian provisional *trend series* estimate of 21,800 unemployed persons in June 1995 was a decrease of 1,900 on the figure for June 1994 of 23,700. The estimate of the unemployment rate of 9.8% in June 1995 was a decrease compared to the estimate of the unemployment rate of 10.8% in June 1994.

(See tables 3-8, pages 2-7.)

The labour force

Tasmania's trend series figures—

In May 1995 there was an *unadjusted* estimate of 367,200 civilian Tasmanians aged 15 or more. There were an estimated 222,800 persons (based on *trend series* estimates) in the labour force. The estimate of the labour force participation rate in June 1995 was 60.7 %, compared with the figure of 60.0% in June 1994.

For males, the estimate of the participation rate was 71.2%, compared with 71.0% in June 1994. For females, the estimate of the participation rate was 50.5%, compared with 49.0% in June 1994.

(See table 3, page 2.)

Employed wage and salary earners

In September 1994 there were approximately 138,900 employed wage and salary earners in Tasmania. In September 1992 the figure was 144,300 employed wage and salary earners.

In August 1994 the Tasmanian public sector accounted for 31.8% of all employed wage and salary earners. Overall, the category community services had the highest industry representation (28.9%, compared with the equivalent figure of 27.8% recorded in August 1992). The next highest industry grouping

was wholesale trade and retail trade (18.3%, compared with 19.9% in August 1992) and manufacturing (15.8%, compared with 15.0% in August 1992).

In August 1994, women made up 46.3% of employed wage and salary earners. In August 1992, the equivalent figure was 45.8%.

(See table 9, page 8.)

Award rates of pay indexes

The annual movement from May 1994 to May 1995 of weekly award rates of pay indexes for Tasmania rose by 0.8% for full-time adult females and by 1.2% for full-time adult males, for a combined annual increase of 1.1%. For Australia, the figures were 1.1% for females and 0.8% for males, for a combined annual increase of 0.9%.

For full-time adult female employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases over this 12-month period occurred in the recreation, personal and other services industry (2.8%); and manufacturing industry (2.5%).

For the same period for full-time adult male employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases occurred in the community services industry (3.7%); and the electricity, gas and water industry (2.0%).

The largest occupation increase over the same period for full-time adult female employees occurred in tradespersons (2.5%); and plant and machine operators, and drivers (2.2%). For full-time adult male employees the largest occupation increases over the period occurred in plant and machine operators, and drivers (3.0%); and managers and administrators (2.1%).

(See table 14, page 10.)

Building materials prices

The price index of materials used in house building in Hobart increased by 0.8% in May 1995. This was the second highest increase for any capital city, running behind Perth, at 0.9%. For the twelve month period ending May, Hobart's index increased by 5.1%, the highest increase of any of the capital cities, and well above the Australian average of 3.1%.

The price of materials used in other than house building increased in Hobart in May by 0.3%, which was the same as the national average. The highest monthly increases were of 0.4%, recorded in Sydney, Brisbane and Adelaide.

For the twelve months ending May 1995, Hobart recorded an increase in this index of 3.5%, which was well above the Australian average of 3.0%. Of the seven capital cities, only Melbourne, at 2.4%, and Adelaide, at 2.8%, recorded increases below the national level.

The main contributors to the index increase in Hobart this month were copper pipes and fittings, ready mixed concrete and structural steel. At the national level, increases in the price of structural steel, glass products and pre-cast concrete products were partly offset by lower prices for copper pipes and fittings.

Price index of Materials Used in House Building, May 1995, ABS Catalogue No. 6408.0, released on 3 July 1995, \$10.00.

Price Index of Materials Used in Other Than House Building, May 1995, ABS Catalogue No. 6407.0, released on 3 July 1995, \$13.00.

Housing finance

The number of secured housing finance commitments entered into in Tasmania continued to decline for the May 1995 trend estimates. The trend estimate of 833 commitments for May 1995 represented a fall of 19.7% on the May 1994 figure of 1,037. The trend estimate has been in continuous decline during this period.

In national terms, the decline in the twelve months ended May 1995 was even more severe, with a 33.4% fall in the trend estimate for number of commitments.

Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, ABS Catalogue No 5609.0, released on 20 July 1995, \$13.00.

Livestock slaughtering

Trend estimate—

The May 1995 Tasmanian trend estimate for the slaughtering of sheep and lambs was 4.3% lower than that recorded in April 1995. The number of pigs slaughtered in the same period increased by 0.6% whilst the number of cattle and calves slaughtered fell by 3.9%.

The trend estimate for slaughtering sheep and lambs was 70,400 in May 1995, 19% below the 86,900 recorded in May 1994. The slaughtering of sheep and lambs has continued to decline since the 103,800 recorded in September 1994.

The trend estimate of 8,000 pigs slaughtered in May 1995 was 1.3% above the 7,900 slaughtered in May 1994.

The cattle and calves slaughtering trend estimate continued its decline from January 1995. The number of cattle and calves slaughtered in May 1995 was 18,900, 16.7% above the 16,200 recorded in May 1994.

(See table 21, page 16.)

Building approvals

There were 251 new dwelling units approved during May 1995 in Tasmania. This was an increase of 26% on the number recorded for April 1995, but a 28% decrease on the number recorded for May 1994 (348).

For the twelve months ended May 1995 there were 3,270 new dwelling units approved, 22% below the 4,201 units recorded for the previous corresponding twelve months.

The latest monthly trend estimate for the number of dwelling units approved showed a slight increase after eighteen consecutive months of decline.

The highest number of dwelling units approved in May 1995 was recorded by the City of Clarence with 31, followed by the City of Launceston with 23, the Municipality of Kingborough with 18 and the municipalities of West Tamar and Meander Valley each with 16.

The value of all building approved, at current prices, in May 1995 was \$37.4 million compared with \$35.4 million in April 1995 and \$42.2 million in May 1994.

The value of new residential building approved, at current prices, in May 1995 was \$20.2 million, compared with \$16.8 million in April 1995 and \$24.6 million in May 1994.

(See table 27, page 19.)

Retail

The trend estimate for turnover of retail and service establishments for May 1995, in Tasmania, was \$236.5 million, an increase of more than 2% on the May 1994 figure of \$231.3 million. Tasmania has recorded moderate to strong growth in the trend estimate over each of the last four months.

The trend estimate of turnover for May 1995, for Australia (\$9,581 million), was nearly 8% higher than for May 1994. The trend estimate of retail turnover increased by a moderate 0.6% for each of the last four months.

The Food Industry group has shown more than 10% growth over the past twelve months, the hospitality and services group nearly 11% growth and the remaining non-food retailing industries combined showed growth of over 4% for the same period.

In original terms, the estimate of retail turnover in May 1995, for Tasmania, was \$229.0 million, over 1% higher than the figure recorded for May 1994. (See table 35, page 23.)

New motor vehicle registrations

There were 1,357 new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered in Tasmania during May 1995. This was nearly 66% more than was recorded for April (819) and over 33% more than the figure recorded for May 1994.

It should be noted that April is historically a quiet month for new motor vehicle registrations.

(See table 34, page 23.)

Private new capital expenditure

Total new capital expenditure, in Tasmania, for the March quarter 1995 was \$178 million. This was nearly one and half times the figure recorded for the March quarter 1994. The figure was more than 25% greater than the amount of \$142 million recorded for the December quarter 1994.

New capital expenditure on equipment, plant and machinery, in Tasmania, for the March quarter 1995 was \$133 million, 9% more than was recorded for the previous quarter. The figure for expenditure on buildings and structures increased from \$20 million in the December quarter 1994 to \$45 million in the March quarter 1995.

Population and Vital Statistics

Table 1. Population, Tasmania

Year or quarter	Estimated resident population at end of period	Natural increase (a)	Net estimated migration gain	Total population growth	Annual growth rate (b)
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)
Year ended 30 June —					
1991	466.8	3.3	1.2	4.6	1.00
1992	469.7	3.2	- 0.3	2.9	0.62
1993	471.4	3.1	- 1.5	1.7	0.35
1994 p	472.4	2.9	1.9	1.0	0.21
Quarter					
1992 —					
September	470.1	0.7	- 0.3	0.4	0.51
1993 —					
September p	471.8	0.7	- 0.3	0.4	0.36
December p	472.0	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.26
1994 —					
June p	472.4	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.21
September p	472.6	0.5	- 0.3	0.3	0.18
December p	472.6	0.8	- 0.8	0.0	0.13

(a) Excess of live births registered over deaths registered (based on usual State of residence).

(b) Percentage growth from same quarter in previous year.

Table 2. Births, deaths and marriages registered, Tasmania

Year or quarter	Births		Deaths		Infant mortality (a)		Marriages	
	No.	Rate (b)	No.	Rate (b)	Deaths	Rate (c)	No.	Rate (b)
Year ended								
31 December —								
1990	7 043	15.25	3 713	8.04	63	8.9	3 026	6.55
1991	6 857	14.69	3 666	7.86	59	8.6	3 069	6.58
1992	6 956	14.81	3 722	7.92	42	6.0	3 081	6.56
1993	6 804	14.43	3 618	7.67	37	5.4	3 055	6.48
1994	6 836	14.47	3 912	8.28	48	7.0	2 887	6.11
Quarter								
1992 —								
December	1 698	..	914	..	12	7.1	820	..
1993 —								
December	1 647	..	878	..	4	3.0	786	..
1994 —								
March	p 1 789	..	p 920	..	p 11	p 6.1	914	..
June	p 1 610	..	p 946	..	p 10	p 6.2	826	..
September	p 1 735	..	p 1 165	..	p 17	p 9.8	379	..
December	p 1 702	..	p 881	..	p 10	p 5.9	768	..

(a) Registered deaths of children under one year of age. (b) Rate per 1000 of estimated mean population. (c) Rate per 1000 live births.

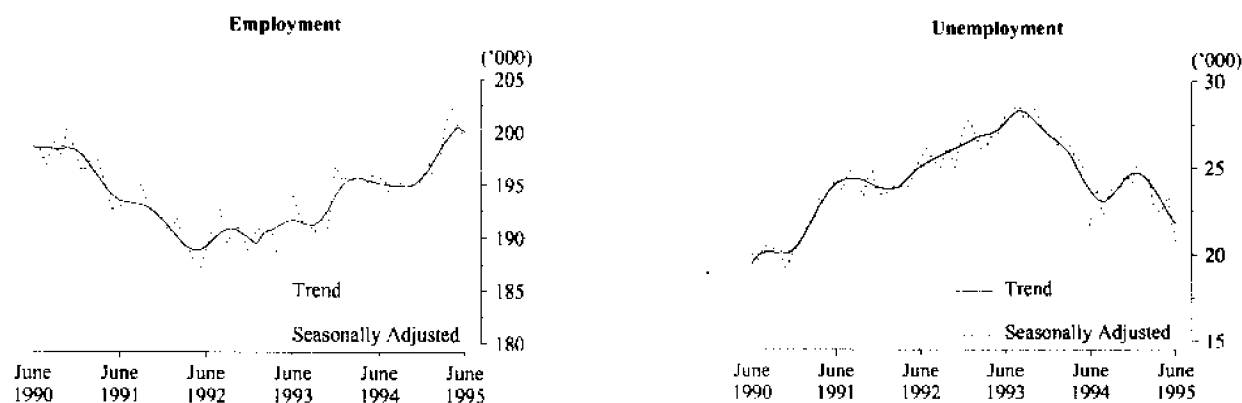
Employment and Unemployment

Table 3. Labour force status, Tasmania (a): Seasonally adjusted and trend series

Month	Seasonally adjusted series				Trend series (b)			
	Employed ('000)	Unem- ployed ('000)	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)	Employed ('000)	Unem- ployed ('000)	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
MALES								
1994 -								
June	112.4	14.2	11.2	70.4	112.4	15.3	12.0	71.0
July	112.5	14.7	11.5	70.7	112.6	14.8	11.6	70.8
August	112.4	14.5	11.4	70.5	113.0	14.5	11.4	70.9
September	112.9	15.0	11.7	71.0	113.5	14.5	11.3	71.1
October	115.3	14.2	11.0	72.0	113.8	14.7	11.4	71.4
November	113.5	15.0	11.7	71.4	113.9	14.9	11.6	71.5
December	114.6	14.9	11.5	71.9	113.9	15.1	11.7	71.6
1995 -								
January	113.8	15.4	11.9	71.6	113.8	15.2	11.8	71.6
February	112.2	16.3	12.7	71.3	113.8	15.2	11.8	71.5
March	114.2	14.0	10.9	71.1	113.7	15.1	11.7	71.4
April	114.5	14.9	11.5	71.7	113.8	14.9	11.6	71.3
May	114.1	15.0	11.6	71.6	113.9	14.7	11.4	71.3
June	113.4	14.3	11.2	70.8	113.9	14.6	11.3	71.2
FEMALES								
1994 -								
June	83.2	7.5	8.2	48.7	82.7	8.4	9.2	49.0
July	82.9	9.2	10.0	49.4	82.3	8.4	9.3	48.7
August	80.9	7.9	8.9	47.7	81.8	8.5	9.5	48.5
September	82.2	8.8	9.7	48.9	81.4	8.8	9.8	48.4
October	80.3	9.3	10.3	48.1	81.1	9.1	10.1	48.4
November	81.4	9.6	10.6	48.9	81.1	9.5	10.4	48.6
December	80.7	9.2	10.2	48.2	81.7	9.6	10.5	49.0
1995 -								
January	83.5	10.3	11.0	50.3	82.7	9.5	10.3	49.5
February	82.5	9.4	10.2	49.3	83.8	9.2	9.9	49.9
March	85.0	8.8	9.4	50.2	85.0	8.7	9.3	50.2
April	88.3	7.5	7.8	51.4	85.9	8.2	8.7	50.4
May	86.6	8.4	8.8	50.9	86.6	7.7	8.1	50.5
June	85.8	6.4	6.9	49.4	87.2	7.2	7.6	50.5
TOTAL								
1994 -								
June	195.7	21.7	10.0	59.4	195.1	23.7	10.8	59.8
July	195.4	23.8	10.9	59.9	195.0	23.2	10.6	59.6
August	193.3	22.3	10.4	58.9	194.9	23.0	10.6	59.5
September	195.1	23.8	10.9	59.8	194.9	23.3	10.7	59.6
October	195.6	23.5	10.7	59.8	194.8	23.8	10.9	59.7
November	194.9	24.6	11.2	59.9	195.0	24.4	11.1	59.9
December	195.3	24.1	11.0	59.9	195.6	24.7	11.2	60.1
1995 -								
January	197.2	25.7	11.5	60.8	196.5	24.7	11.2	60.3
February	194.7	25.7	11.7	60.1	197.6	24.4	11.0	60.5
March	199.2	22.8	10.3	60.5	198.7	23.8	10.7	60.6
April	202.8	22.4	9.9	61.4	199.7	23.1	10.4	60.7
May	200.7	23.4	10.4	61.0	200.5	22.4	10.0	60.7
June	199.2	20.7	9.4	59.9	201.0	21.8	9.8	60.7

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No.6203.0). (b) Trend series revised each month. Users should be aware that the latest observations may be revised substantially.

Tasmanian Labour Force



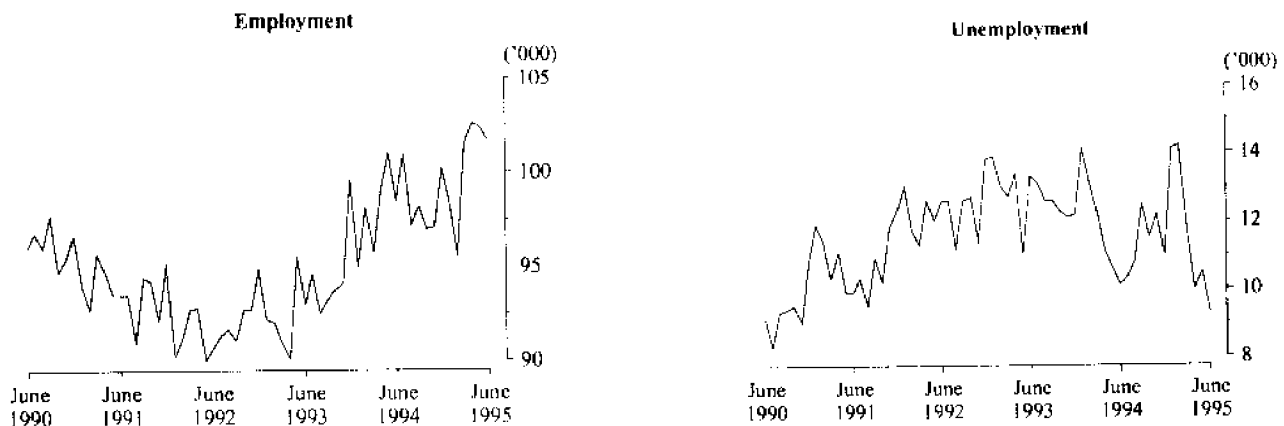
Employment and Unemployment

Table 4. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, males (a) (b)

Month		Total employed (^{'000})	Total unemployed (^{'000})	Unem- ployment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1992 -	June	52.3	8.3	13.6	69.6
1994 -	June	53.5	6.7	11.1	68.6
1995 -	April	57.2	6.5	10.2	71.0
	May	56.7	7.2	11.3	71.6
	June	56.5	6.6	10.4	71.2
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1992 -	June	31.9	4.3	11.8	73.6
1994 -	June	31.1	4.2	11.9	71.2
1995 -	April	32.0	3.9	11.0	71.9
	May	32.6	3.3	9.2	72.0
	June	31.9	4.2	11.7	71.6
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1992 -	June	27.3	3.6	11.7	74.4
1994 -	June	27.2	3.4	11.1	72.0
1995 -	April	25.2	3.3	11.6	69.8
	May	25.0	3.4	12.1	68.5
	June	24.3	3.6	12.9	67.5
TASMANIA					
1992 -	June	111.4	16.1	12.6	71.8
1994 -	June	111.8	14.3	11.3	70.1
1995 -	April	114.3	13.7	10.7	71.0
	May	114.2	13.9	10.9	71.0
	June	112.8	14.4	11.3	70.5

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

Hobart and Southern Statistical Divisions - Persons



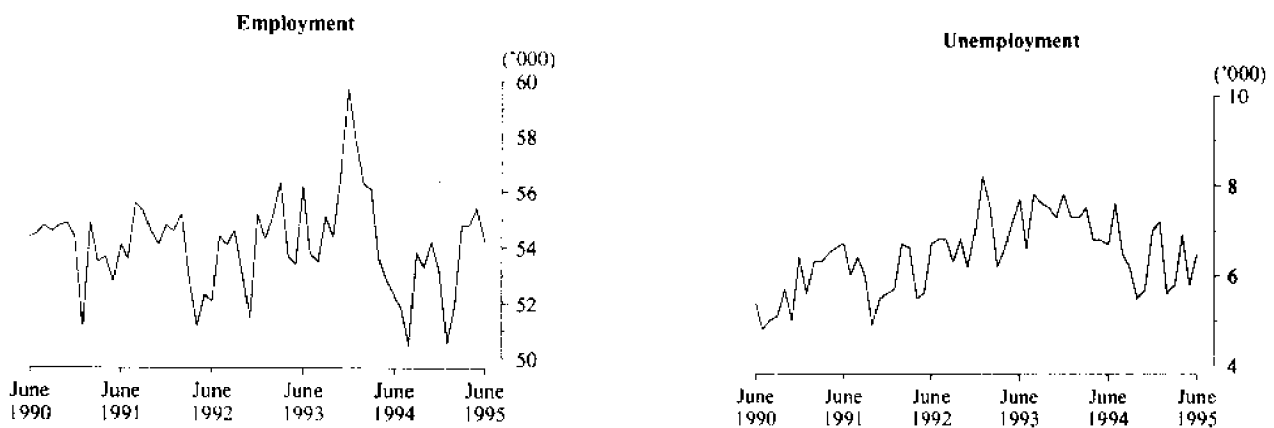
Employment and Unemployment

Table 5. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, females (a) (b)

Month		Total employed (^{'000})	Total unemployed (^{'000})	Unemployment rate (%)	Participation rate (%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1992 -	June	39.6	4.5	10.2	48.5
1994 -	June	45.1	3.4	7.0	52.1
1995 -	April	45.4	3.5	7.2	52.9
	May	45.7	3.3	6.7	53.0
	June	45.1	2.7	5.6	51.6
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1992 -	June	20.8	2.5	10.9	47.7
1994 -	June	21.2	2.5	10.5	44.8
1995 -	April	22.8	3.0	11.5	49.0
	May	22.8	2.5	9.8	48.9
	June	22.3	2.2	9.2	46.7
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1992 -	June	17.7	2.7	13.2	46.3
1994 -	June	16.8	2.0	10.5	46.4
1995 -	April	19.5	1.4	6.7	50.1
	May	18.6	1.9	9.3	48.4
	June	18.2	1.8	9.1	48.3
TASMANIA					
1992 -	June	78.1	9.8	11.1	47.8
1994 -	June	83.0	7.8	8.6	48.8
1995 -	April	87.7	7.9	8.2	51.2
	May	87.2	7.7	8.1	50.8
	June	85.6	6.7	7.3	49.5

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

Northern Statistical Division - Persons



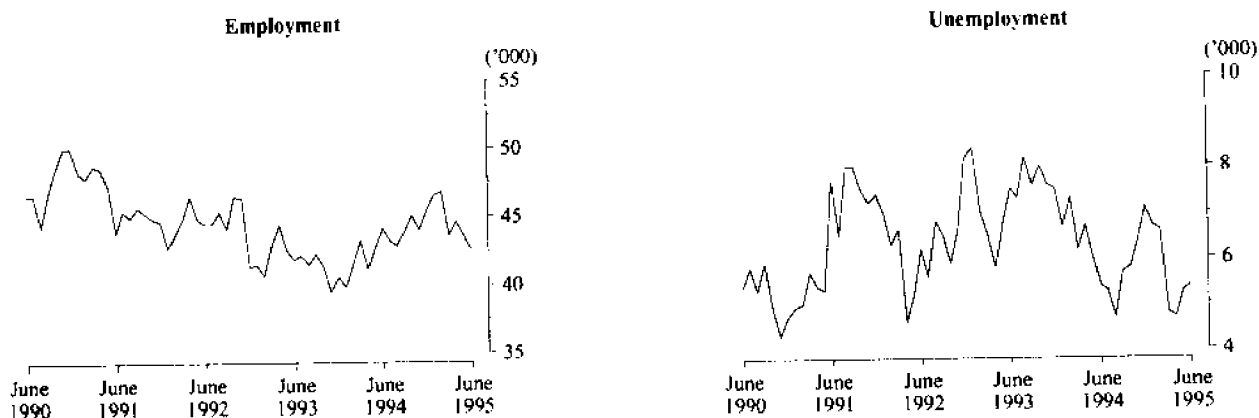
Employment and Unemployment

Table 6. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, persons (a) (b)

Month	Total employed (^{'000})	Total unemployed (^{'000})	Unem- ployment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS				
1992 - June	91.9	12.8	12.2	58.8
1994 - June	98.5	10.1	9.3	60.1
1995 - April	102.6	10.0	8.9	61.8
May	102.4	10.5	9.3	62.2
June	101.7	9.3	8.3	61.2
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION				
1992 - June	52.7	6.8	11.4	60.6
1994 - June	52.3	6.7	11.3	57.6
1995 - April	54.8	6.9	11.2	60.1
May	55.4	5.8	9.5	60.2
June	54.2	6.5	10.7	58.9
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION				
1992 - June	44.9	6.3	12.3	59.9
1994 - June	44.1	5.4	10.9	59.5
1995 - April	44.6	4.7	9.5	59.8
May	43.6	5.3	10.9	58.3
June	42.6	5.4	11.3	57.9
TASMANIA				
1992 - June	189.6	25.9	12.0	59.6
1994 - June	194.9	22.2	10.2	59.3
1995 - April	202.0	21.6	9.7	60.9
May	201.4	21.6	9.7	60.8
June	198.4	21.1	9.6	59.8

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

Mersey Lyell Statistical Division - Persons

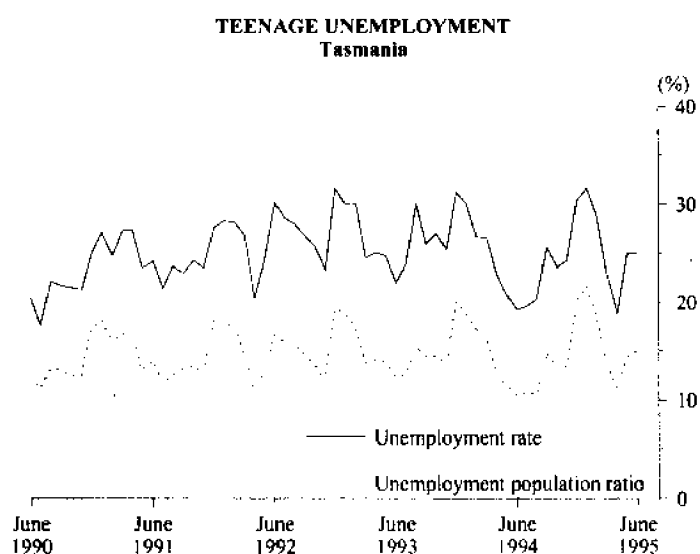


Employment and Unemployment

Table 7. Teenage labour market (a), Tasmania (b)

Month	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force (<i>'000</i>)	Not in labour force (<i>'000</i>)	Civilian population aged 15-19 (<i>'000</i>)	Unem- ployment rate (%)	Unem- ployment population ratio (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
	Full- time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Total						
	(<i>'000</i>)	(<i>'000</i>)	(<i>'000</i>)	(<i>'000</i>)						
ATTENDING NEITHER SCHOOL NOR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
1992 - June	6.2	8.6	3.7	3.8	12.4	0.8	13.2	30.8	28.8	93.7
1994 - June	7.3	10.0	2.2	2.2	12.2	1.7	14.0	18.2	15.7	87.6
1995 - April	6.7	10.2	2.5	2.5	12.7	1.2	13.9	19.7	18.0	91.3
May	6.1	8.9	3.3	3.4	12.3	1.0	13.3	27.7	25.6	92.5
June	7.0	9.8	3.1	3.3	13.0	0.4	13.4	25.0	24.6	97.0
ATTENDING SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
1992 - June	0.3	5.0	0.8	2.0	7.1	15.1	22.1	28.2	9.0	32.1
1994 - June	0.3	4.9	0.2	1.3	6.3	14.0	20.3	20.6	6.4	31.0
1995 - April	0.2	6.2	0.4	1.3	7.5	12.6	20.1	17.3	6.5	37.3
May	0.2	5.8	0.3	1.5	7.2	13.4	20.7	20.8	7.2	34.8
June	0.3	5.6	0.2	1.9	7.4	13.1	20.6	25.7	9.2	35.9
TOTAL										
1992 - June	6.5	13.6	4.5	5.8	19.4	15.9	35.3	30.0	16.4	55.0
1994 - June	7.6	14.9	2.3	3.6	18.5	15.7	34.2	19.2	10.5	54.1
1995 - April	7.0	16.4	2.9	3.8	20.2	13.8	34.0	18.9	11.2	59.5
May	6.2	14.7	3.6	4.9	19.6	14.4	34.0	24.9	14.4	57.5
June	7.3	15.3	3.3	5.1	20.5	13.5	34.0	25.0	15.0	60.2

(a) Persons aged 15-19 years. (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0).



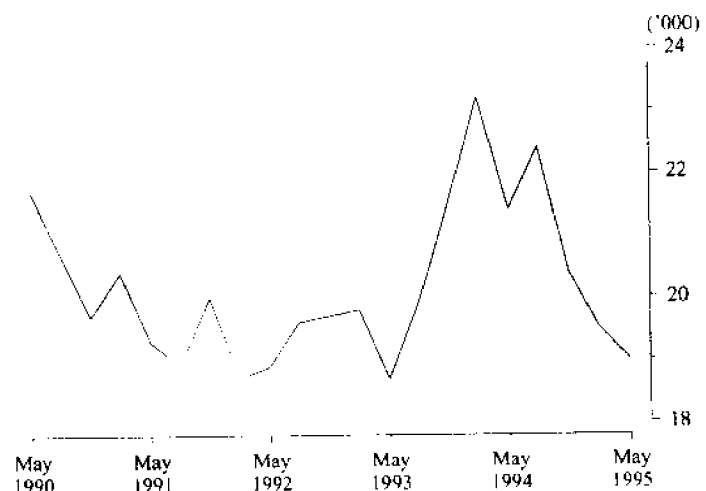
Employment and Unemployment

Table 8. All employed persons, occupation, Tasmania (a)

Occupation	May 1994	May 1995			Proportion of total employed	
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	May 1994	May 1995
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
Managers and administrators	21.4	14.4	4.6	19.0	10.9	9.4
Farmers and farm managers	6.3	4.7	1.8	6.5	3.2	3.2
Managing supervisors	7.9	4.9	2.0	6.9	4.0	3.4
Other	7.2	4.8	0.8	5.6	3.7	2.8
Professionals	23.3	13.7	11.4	25.1	11.8	12.5
Building and professional engineers	2.1	2.4	-	2.4	1.1	1.2
Health diagnosis and treatment practitioners	1.4	2.0	0.9	3.0	0.7	1.5
School teachers	7.6	2.7	5.8	8.5	3.9	4.2
Business professionals	3.7	2.4	1.4	3.7	1.9	1.8
Other	8.5	4.2	3.3	7.5	4.3	3.7
Para-professionals	13.0	7.3	7.0	14.3	6.6	7.1
Engineering and building associates and technicians	1.8	1.4	0.1	1.6	0.9	0.8
Registered nurses	4.7	0.6	5.1	5.7	2.4	2.8
Other	6.5	5.3	1.8	7.0	3.3	3.5
Tradespersons	32.7	25.8	3.3	29.1	16.6	14.4
Metal fitting and machining tradespersons	2.8	2.8	-	2.8	1.4	1.4
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	4.2	4.0	-	4.0	2.1	2.0
Building tradespersons	10.3	6.4	-	6.4	5.2	3.2
Other	15.4	12.6	3.3	15.9	7.8	7.9
Clerks	31.0	7.6	25.4	33.0	15.8	16.4
Stenographers and typists	4.0	0.2	3.6	3.8	2.0	1.9
Receptionists, telephonists and messengers	4.4	0.6	4.4	5.0	2.2	2.5
Other	22.6	6.8	17.4	24.2	11.5	12.0
Salespersons and personal service workers	30.5	12.8	21.4	34.2	15.5	17.0
Sales representatives	2.2	2.5	0.4	2.9	1.1	1.4
Sales assistants	14.5	5.0	10.3	15.3	7.4	7.6
Other	13.8	5.3	10.7	16.0	7.0	7.9
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	15.2	14.4	1.8	16.2	7.7	8.0
Road and rail transport drivers	5.8	6.3	0.6	6.9	2.9	3.4
Machine operators	4.3	3.3	1.2	4.4	2.2	2.2
Other	5.1	4.8	-	4.9	2.6	2.4
Labourers and related workers	29.7	18.4	12.2	30.6	15.1	15.2
Trades assistants and factory hands	5.3	3.7	1.7	5.4	2.7	2.7
Agricultural labourers and related workers	6.8	4.9	2.1	7.0	3.5	3.5
Cleaners	6.9	1.5	4.9	6.4	3.5	3.2
Construction and mining labourers	1.7	1.9	0.1	2.0	0.9	1.0
Other	8.9	6.3	3.4	9.8	4.5	4.9
Total employed	196.8	114.4	87.1	201.5	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0).

MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS Tasmania

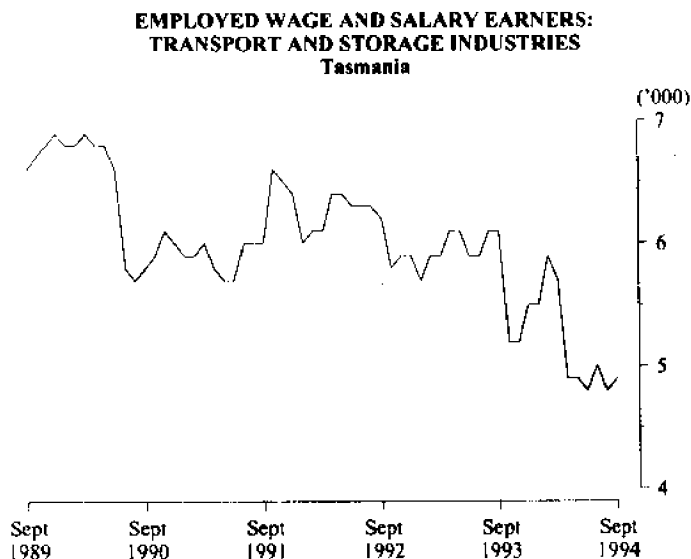


Employment and Unemployment

Table 9. Employed wage and salary earners, sector and industry, Tasmania (a)

Industry	Number of employees ('000), August 1994					Percentage distribution	
	Private	Public	Private and public			August 1992	August 1994
			Males	Females	Persons		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	n.a.	0.6	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Mining	1.7	—	1.5	0.1	1.7	1.0	1.2
Manufacturing	21.8	0.1	15.8	6.1	21.9	15.0	15.8
Electricity, gas and water, construction	5.8	3.2	7.9	1.1	9.0	6.3	6.5
Wholesale and retail trade	25.3	—	14.7	10.5	25.3	19.9	18.3
Transport and storage	3.6	1.2	3.8	1.0	4.8	4.4	3.5
Communication	—	2.2	1.7	0.6	2.3	1.7	1.7
Finance, property and business services	9.9	0.9	4.0	6.8	10.7	8.7	7.7
Public administration and defence	—	9.9	6.2	3.7	9.9	6.9	7.2
Community services	14.6	25.4	13.7	26.3	40.0	27.8	28.9
Recreation, personal and other services	12.0	0.6	4.6	8.0	12.6	7.9	9.1
Total all industries	94.6	44.2	74.6	64.3	138.9	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6248.0).



Employment and Unemployment

Table 10. Average hours worked, Tasmania

Month	Average weekly total hours worked, all employed persons (a)			Average weekly overtime hours (b)		Percentage of employees working overtime (b)
	Males	Females	Persons	Per employee	Per employee working overtime	
1992 —						
May	38.4	27.5	33.9	1.0	6.3	15.7
1994 —						
May	39.4	27.2	34.2	0.9	6.4	13.9
August	39.4	26.9	34.1	1.0	6.5	15.6
November	39.8	27.2	34.5	1.2	6.9	16.7
1995 —						
February	37.5	26.0	32.7	1.1	6.6	15.8
May	39.6	27.8	34.5	0.9	5.9	14.5

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia*. (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0).

Table 11. Job vacancies, Tasmania (a)

Period	Job Vacancies	
	Number	Rate (b) (%)
1992 —		
May	600	0.4
1994 —		
May	800	0.5
August	1 400	0.9
November	1 600	1.1
1995 —		
February	1 000	0.7
May	1 700	1.1

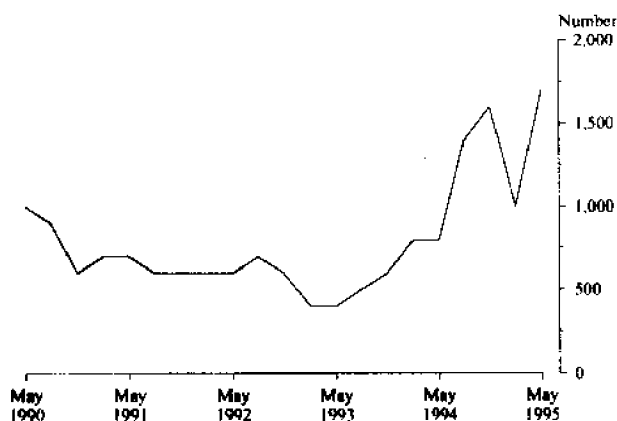
(a) For explanation of terms and concepts refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0). (b) Job vacancies are expressed as a percentage of the number of job vacancies divided by the number of employees plus job vacancies.

Table 12. Industrial disputes, Tasmania (a)

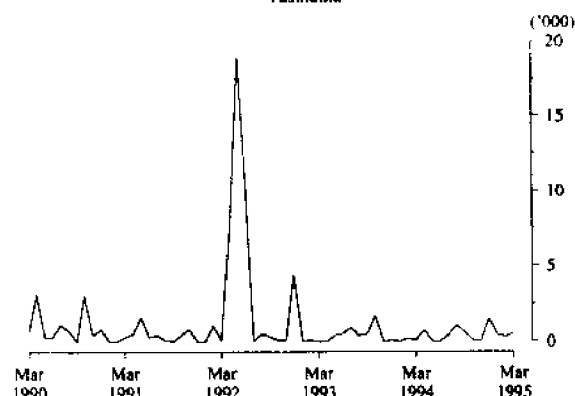
Month	Working days lost	Twelve months ending	Working days lost per thousand employees
1994 —		1994 —	
May	0	May	32
June	0	June	29
July	400	July	26
August	1 000	August	29
September	600	September	30
October	100	October	20
November	—	November	20
December	1 500	December	29
1995 —		1995 —	
January	400	January	31
February	300	February	31
March	500	March	34
April	—	April	30
Twelve months ended 1995 —			
April	4 800		

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Industrial Disputes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6321.0).

JOB VACANCIES Tasmania



WORKING DAYS LOST DUE TO INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES Tasmania



Wages and Prices

Table 13. Average weekly earnings of employees, Tasmania (a) (\$)

Quarter	Survey reference period	Males			Females			Persons		
		Full-time adults		All	Full-time adults		All	Full-time adults		All
		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly total earnings
1991 -										
December	15 November	572.40	605.20	548.60	494.60	500.10	373.50	547.30	571.30	468.10
1993 -										
December	19 November	624.40	659.30	599.50	518.90	525.30	391.60	588.30	613.50	501.70
1994 -										
September	19 August	631.20	669.40	591.50	521.00	531.60	387.90	591.80	620.10	491.70
December	18 November	634.50	677.90	600.90	541.90	557.60	396.00	603.00	636.90	501.20
1995 -										
March	17 February	627.80	668.50	601.70	542.50	554.00	393.50	600.10	631.30	502.70

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Average Weekly Earnings, States and Australia* (Catalogue No. 6302.0).

Table 14. Weekly award rates of pay indexes, full-time adult employees Tasmania (a)

(Base: June 1985 = 100.0)

Industry	1992	1994	1995		
	May	May	Mar	April	May
Mining	137.7	137.7	137.7	137.7	137.7
Manufacturing	144.4	146.9	147.9	148.0	148.1
Electricity, gas and water	130.9	133.4	136.0	136.1	136.1
Construction	140.5	142.6	142.6	142.9	142.9
Wholesale trade	137.2	139.9	139.9	140.1	140.1
Retail trade	136.4	139.6	139.7	139.7	139.7
Transport and storage	137.5	138.9	139.1	139.1	139.5
Communication	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4
Finance, property and business services	137.2	137.8	137.9	138.0	138.0
Public admin. and defence	133.5	148.3	150.2	150.2	150.2
Community services	139.6	140.8	143.7	143.7	143.8
Recreation, personal and other services	142.7	149.2	150.6	151.4	151.4
Total all industries	138.5	141.7	143.1	143.2	143.3

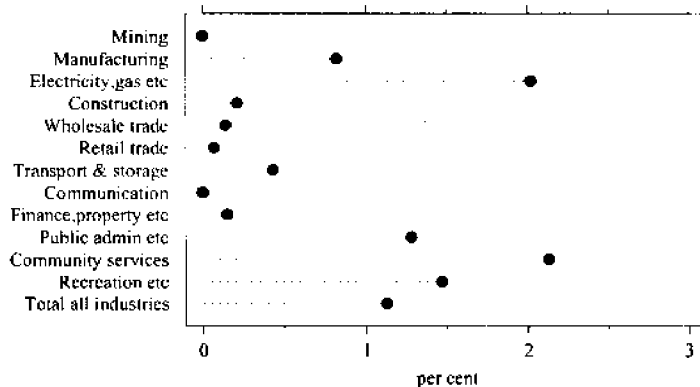
(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Award Rates of Pay Indexes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6312.0).AWARD RATES OF PAY INDEX: TASMANIA
Annual Change to May 1995

Table 15. Summary of annual movements in wages and prices, Tasmania

Period	CPI. All groups Hobart	Price index of materials used in house building. All groups, Hobart	Price index of materials used in building other than house building. All groups, Hobart	Average weekly total earnings. full-time adult employees	Weekly award rates of pay index. full-time adult employees
1992 --					
June	1.1	2.0	1.6	..	3.3
1994					
June	2.7	3.7	1.1	..	1.7
1994 .					
November	..	3.9	1.5	3.8	1.0
December	2.3	3.9	1.5	..	0.7
1995 ---					
January	..	3.8	1.5	..	1.0
February	..	p 4.7	p 2.2	0.9	0.8
March	3.8	p 4.5	p 3.6	..	1.0
April	..	p 4.6	p 3.4	..	1.0
May	..	p 5.1	p 3.5	..	1.1
June	4.2

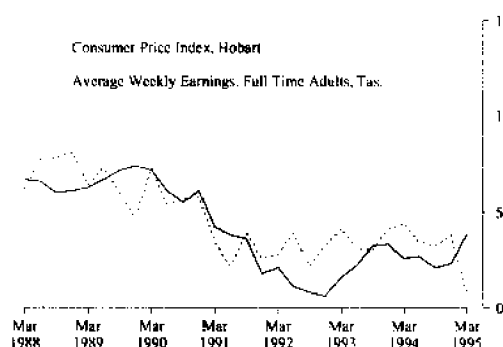
Table 16. House price index numbers (a), Hobart

(Base of each Index: 1989-90 = 100.0)

	Established house price index		Project home price index	
	Index	% change (b)	Index	% change (b)
1991-92	112.0	5.4	110.1	3.5
1992-93	116.6	4.1	114.1	3.6
1993-94	122.5	5.1	117.7	3.2
1992 ---				
March	112.9	0.4	110.5	1.1
1993 ---				
December	121.4	1.4	116.9	0.1
1994				
March	123.0	1.3	117.8	0.8
June	126.0	2.4	119.4	1.4
September	128.2	1.7	120.1	0.6
December	128.2	0.0	120.5	0.3
1995 ---				
March	129.4	0.9	121.6	0.9

(a) Used in calculating the mortgage interest charges component of the Consumer Price Index.

(b) Percentage change over previous period.

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGES
IN EARNINGS AND PRICESHOUSE PRICE INDEX NUMBERS
HOBART

Wages and Prices

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart & eight capital cities combined (a)

(Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0) (b)

Year or quarter	Hobart					
	Food	Clothing	Housing (c)	Household equipment and operation	Transportation	Tobacco and alcohol
1991-92	106.1	105.7	98.8	109.1	106.9	111.5
1992-93	108.2	106.9	94.9	110.3	110.3	115.8
1993-94	111.7	106.6	94.0	111.9	112.2	133.7
Quarter						
1992 —						
March	106.7	105.5	97.7	109.1	107.1	111.6
1994 —						
March	112.6	106.4	93.3	112.2	111.9	134.3
June	112.2	106.4	94.2	112.4	112.8	134.8
September	113.9	106.6	94.8	112.8	113.9	137.2
December	113.3	105.3	97.6	113.9	115.0	139.1
1995 ..						
March	115.4	105.0	102.7	114.9	115.1	140.3
Percentage change between March quarter 1994 and March quarter 1995						
	+ 2.5	- 1.3	+10.1	+ 2.4	+2.9	+4.5

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart & eight capital cities combined (a) (b) (*continued*) (Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0)

Year or quarter	Hobart				Weighted average of eight capital cities (c)	
	Health and personal care	Recreation and education	All groups		Index	Percentage change over previous period
			Index	Percentage change over previous period		
1991-92	122.7	106.1	107.1	+ 2.1	107.3	+ 1.9
1992-93	127.3	108.0	108.5	+ 1.3	108.4	+ 1.0
1993-94	136.1	110.2	111.7	+ 2.9	110.4	+ 1.8
Quarter						
1992 ..						
March	125.2	107.4	107.4	0.0	107.6	0.0
1994						
March	137.5	109.7	111.9	+ 0.3	110.4	+ 0.4
June	137.9	111.3	112.4	+ 0.4	111.2	+ 0.7
September	138.7	111.7	113.3	+ 0.8	111.9	+ 0.6
December	138.7	113.0	114.2	+ 0.8	112.8	+ 0.8
1995 —						
March	140.4	115.4	116.1	+1.7	114.7	+1.7
Percentage change between March quarter 1994 and March quarter 1995						
	+ 2.1	+ 5.2	+ 3.8	..	+3.9	..

(a) Further information on construction of CPI indexes is contained in the bulletin *The Australian Consumer Price Index Concepts, Sources and Methods* (Catalogue No. 6461.0). (b) The CPI is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0. (c) Series from and including March 1989 has been affected by the change in treatment of mortgage interest charges.

Wages and Prices

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials					
	Structural timber	Clay bricks	Ready mixed concrete	Precast concrete products	Steel decking, cladding etc.	Structural steel
1991-92	105.5	108.0	109.8	109.6	102.9	109.5
1992-93	108.2	111.9	113.4	109.9	104.2	111.7
1993-94	115.9	114.2	117.5	112.9	106.4	116.0
1992						
May	106.9	109.7	112.3	109.6	101.8	110.0
1994						
May	120.3	115.5	119.4	120.6	107.7	116.0
October	123.9	115.6	118.6	122.4	107.7	116.0
November	123.8	115.6	117.7	122.4	107.7	116.0
December	124.1	115.8	117.7	122.5	107.7	116.0
1995						
January	124.1	118.0	117.0	122.5	107.5	116.0
February p	124.1	118.0	117.1	122.5	108.3	116.0
March p	125.6	118.0	116.9	122.5	107.5	116.0
April p	125.8	118.0	117.0	122.5	107.1	116.0
May p	125.8	118.0	118.3	122.5	107.5	117.0
Percentage change between May 1994 and May 1995						
	+4.6	+2.2	-0.9	+1.6	-0.2	+0.9

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (*continued*) (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials						
	Reinforcing steel bar, fabric and mesh	Aluminium windows	Fabricated steel products (b)	Builders' hardware	Sand & aggregate	Paint & other coatings	Non-ferrous pipes & fittings
1991-92	108.0	98.7	105.2	111.9	123.6	112.3	111.9
1992-93	109.0	97.9	102.1	113.0	125.0	114.7	132.6
1993-94	109.1	100.5	106.6	115.7	129.6	114.1	133.1
1992							
May	109.7	98.7	105.6	113.0	123.6	114.0	116.8
1994							
May	107.9	96.9	106.1	116.6	129.7	114.8	132.9
October	107.2	99.6	106.1	111.0	133.1	117.0	162.7
November	107.2	99.6	106.1	110.7	133.1	117.0	170.5
December	107.2	99.6	106.1	110.6	133.1	116.7	175.2
1995							
January	107.2	100.3	106.1	111.0	133.1	116.0	181.5
February p	106.0	101.8	107.1	115.5	133.1	116.9	183.3
March p	105.9	103.3	107.6	114.2	133.1	114.7	183.3
April p	105.9	104.5	107.6	114.6	133.1	114.7	183.2
May p	105.9	104.5	107.6	114.6	133.1	115.5	186.0
Percentage change between May 1994 and May 1995							
	1.9	+7.8	+1.4	1.7	+2.6	+0.6	+40.0

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0.

(b) Previously 'Steel windows, doors, louvres and other fabricated steelwork'.

Wages and Prices

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (*continued*) (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Period	<i>Index numbers for special combination of building materials</i>					
	<i>All electrical materials</i>		<i>All mechanical services</i>		<i>All plumbing materials</i>	
	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>
1991-92	105.6	+2.3	107.5	+2.7	108.8	+3.3
1992-93	103.3	-2.2	108.1	+0.6	111.4	+2.4
1993-94	104.7	+1.4	109.6	+1.4	110.1	1.2
1992 —						
May	105.4	+0.4	106.9	0.7	110.6	+0.1
1994 —						
May	105.1	+0.1	109.7	-0.1	110.3	+0.7
October	107.5	+0.4	111.3	+0.2	121.6	+3.0
November	108.8	+1.2	112.4	+1.0	123.9	+1.9
December	110.0	+1.1	112.2	-0.2	125.8	+1.5
1995 —						
January	110.7	+0.6	112.7	+0.4	127.5	+1.4
February p	112.8	+1.9	113.4	+0.6	128.4	+0.7
March p	113.1	+0.3	113.6	+0.2	128.3	-0.1
April p	114.7	+1.4	114.4	+0.7	128.4	+0.1
May p	115.2	+0.4	113.9	-0.4	128.9	+0.4
	Percentage change between May 1994 and May 1995					
	+9.6	..	+3.8	..	+16.9	..

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (*continued*) (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Period	<i>Index numbers for special combinations of building materials</i>			
	<i>All groups excluding electrical materials and mechanical services</i>		<i>All groups</i>	
	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>
1991-92	107.2	+3.3	107.1	+3.1
1992-93	109.1	+1.8	108.2	+1.1
1993-94	111.0	+1.8	110.1	+1.8
1992 —				
May	108.5	+0.2	107.9	+0.2
1994 —				
May	110.9	+0.2	110.0	+0.2
October	112.2	+0.4	111.4	+0.4
November	112.1	-0.1	111.7	+0.3
December	112.2	+0.1	111.8	+0.1
1995 —				
January	112.4	+0.2	112.0	+0.2
February p	112.7	+0.3	112.5	+0.4
March p	113.0	+0.3	112.8	+0.3
April p	113.6	+0.5	113.5	+0.6
May p	114.1	+0.4	113.8	+0.3
	Percentage change between May 1994 and May 1995			
	+2.9	..	+3.5	..

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0.

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania

Year or month	Dairy products (a)			Staff-hours worked (b)	
	Whole milk (d) (million litres)	Factory butter (e) (tonnes)	Factory cheese (tonnes)	Textile manufacturing (f) (⁰⁰⁰)	Vegetable preserving (⁰⁰⁰)
1991-92	371.9	5 589	20 022	1 549	2 068
1992-93	412.9	6 287	20 043	1 740	1 915
1993-94	447.3	7 846	22 461	1 575	2 002
1992 — May	18.5	418	904	144	197
1994 — May	23.2	428	1 254	161	201
1995 — March	33.9	708	1 579	142	195
April	24.6	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	108	142
May	18.7	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	147	165

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania
(continued)

Year or month	News-print (g) (⁰⁰⁰ tonnes)	Refined zinc (⁰⁰⁰ tonnes)	Metal refin. index (c)	Electricity (million kWh)	Gas (⁰⁰⁰ MJ)
1991-92	202.8	206.0	110.0	8 967	63 377
1992-93	228.4	212.0	109.4	8 864	61 432
1993-94	208.9	193.8	105.5	8 855	55 767
1992 — May	16.2	19.1	115.3	748	5 732
1994 — May	16.9	18.1	100.2	766	5 965
1995 — March	21.6	14.0	94.8	707	3 830
April	21.6	16.4	100.1	717	3 518
May	20.6	16.8	102.3	767	4 479

(a) Source: Australian Dairy Corporation. (b) Changing productivity per staff-hour makes these indicators unsatisfactory for long-term comparisons. (c) *Metallurgical refining index (Base: 1979-80 = 100.0)* Output from selected establishments covering the smelting and refining of ferro-alloys, zinc and aluminium. The weighting pattern is based on the establishments' value added as derived from the 1979-80 Manufacturing Census. For multi-product establishments, value added was apportioned to products on the basis of gross receipts from each product. (d) Includes the whole milk equivalent of farm cream intake. (e) Includes butter equivalent of butter oil. (f) Includes spinning, weaving and carpet making. Reported by establishments which manufacture textiles only, or manufacture clothing and textiles in the one plant. (g) Excludes production of directory newsprint and high grade specialty paper.

Production

Table 20. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania: numbers ('000)

Year or month	Cattle					
	Bulls, bullocks and steers	Cows and heifers	Calves	Sheep	Lambs	Pigs
1991-92	104.7	93.6	32.3	446.7	489.8	84.8
1992-93	99.0	90.4	32.7	473.4	456.5	92.5
1993-94	101.8	85.2	23.2	526.1	437.8	95.8
1992 — May	10.0	11.7	0.7	37.5	36.7	7.1
1994 —						
April	9.5	8.3	0.2	41.3	37.6	7.5
May	9.5	9.1	0.2	49.6	38.7	7.8
June	8.8	7.5	0.4	55.3	52.6	9.9
July	p 6.4	5.3	1.4	31.7	39.3	7.6
August	p 5.9	4.3	8.4	20.9	36.9	7.2
September	p 6.3	5.7	11.6	39.4	37.2	7.9
October	p 6.2	6.9	2.9	36.2	30.4	6.7
November	p 9.3	7.5	0.5	63.2	37.3	8.0
December	p 11.3	9.2	0.1	64.2	41.3	9.7
1995 --						
January	p 11.3	7.9	0.1	50.1	40.7	5.8
February	p 9.3	8.2	0.1	58.6	37.1	7.0
March	p 13.0	12.0	0.4	68.6	48.3	8.8
April	p 9.5	9.8	1.0	46.3	41.1	7.2
May	p 8.2	9.8	1.2	32.0	38.4	8.3

Table 21. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania:
seasonally adjusted and trend series (a)

Month	Seasonally adjusted			Trend series (b)		
	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs
1992 --- May	19 956	69 710	6 870	19 376	75 810	7 424
1994 ---						
April	16 538	67 272	7 811	16 433	81 292	7 911
May	16 719	82 707	7 941	16 221	86 916	7 862
June	17 134	106 121	8 624	16 210	93 093	7 858
July	13 576	93 216	7 120	16 515	98 948	7 843
August	17 397	104 170	7 867	17 172	102 961	7 770
September	19 816	111 209	7 944	18 122	103 801	7 672
October	18 626	95 057	7 296	19 220	101 154	7 613
November	18 581	100 097	7 806	20 267	96 266	7 608
December	23 935	94 564	7 553	20 945	90 788	7 656
1995 ---						
January	20 534	77 095	7 495	21 080	85 392	7 723
February	19 262	76 222	8 127	20 833	80 672	7 806
March	23 121	82 726	7 861	20 345	76 765	7 898
April	19 415	76 642	7 854	19 709	73 495	7 985
May	16 606	65 912	8 157	18 945	70 366	8 034

(a) This data has been revised to take account of the latest seasonal factor. (b) Trend estimates may be revised as data for later months become available.

Table 22. Meat production, Tasmania (tonnes)

Year or month	Meat (carcass weight)					Total
	Beef	Veal	Mutton	Lamb	Pigmeat (a)	
1991-92	45 266	665	8 355	8 070	5 168	67 524
1992-93	44 925	692	8 949	7 456	5 749	67 770
1993-94	47 458	515	9 992	7 047	6 019	71 031
1992 ---						
May	5 055	16	692	604	439	6 814
1994 ---						
May	4 970	8	929	634	470	7 011
June	3 962	10	1 030	864	728	6 594
July	p 2 789	39	628	715	484	4 505
August	p 2 449	207	415	686	517	4 274
September	p 2 824	424	773	386	549	4 955
October	p 3 160	125	723	565	474	5 047
November	p 4 143	18	1 277	657	493	6 587
December	p 5 104	10	1 275	691	649	7 731
1995 ---						
January	p 4 787	11	969	681	381	6 829
February	p 4 424	7	1 130	615	464	6 640
March	p 5 931	18	1 311	808	572	8 641
April	p 4 370	36	885	689	464	6 444
May	p 4 287	30	661	711	532	6 221

(a) Includes pork used for production of bacon and ham.

Table 23. Principal mineral concentrates produced, Tasmania

('000 tonnes)

Year or quarter	Concentrate								
	Copper	Iron (pellets)	Iron pyrite	Lead	Lead-copper	Lead-zinc	Tin	Tungsten	Zinc
1991-92	97.4	1 451.6	80.2	86.2	5.5	84.9	10.7	0.5	335.0
1992-93	107.6	1 458.9	94.5	90.7	1.2	69.5	12.1	0.0	454.3
1993-94	128.1	1 565.9	87.9	93.4	0.0	57.5	13.4	0.0	316.5
1992 ---									
March	21.4	294.8	20.6	23.4	0.8	24.4	2.3	0.1	93.8
1993 ---									
December	31.1	384.8	20.7	24.8	0.0	13.4	3.7	0.0	77.8
1994 ---									
June	37.0	432.7	22.9	23.2	0.0	14.0	3.3	0.0	86.5
September	28.3	396.9	22.9	24.9	0.0	11.1	3.1	0.0	67.0
December	23.3	369.9	0.0	23.9	0.0	8.9	3.7	0.0	83.7
1995 ---									
March	3.4	301.3	0.0	18.4	0.0	9.6	3.2	0.0	90.5

(Source: Tasmanian Development and Resources)

Production

Table 24. Sawmills and plywood mills: Logs delivered and timber produced, Tasmania ('000 m³)

Year or quarter	Tasmanian-grown logs delivered					Sawn, peeled and sliced timber produced (a)					
	Hardwoods		Softwoods			Hardwoods			Softwoods		Total
	Eucalypts	Other hardwoods (b)	Plantation (c)	Natives (d)	Total	Eucalypts	Other hardwoods (b)	Plantation (c)	Natives (d)		
1991-92	470.4	8.6	325.0	1.6	805.6	162.8	3.7	130.1	0.4	297.1	
1992-93	554.5	13.0	312.8	2.8	883.2	188.9	2.9	131.6	0.7	324.1	
1993-94	584.3	15.3	299.2	1.5	900.4	203.5	3.1	141.0	0.5	348.0	
1993 —											
March	125.9	3.9	72.9	0.3	203.0	41.4	0.7	30.6	0.1	72.7	
June	166.3	4.1	68.3	0.3	239.0	52.0	0.8	29.0	0.1	81.9	
September	162.3	2.0	75.6	0.4	240.3	54.4	0.7	33.7	0.1	88.9	
December	132.6	3.8	70.2	0.3	206.9	50.5	0.7	35.1	0.1	86.4	
1994 —											
March	140.0	5.0	77.4	0.4	222.8	46.5	0.6	38.1	0.1	85.3	
June	149.4	4.5	76.1	0.4	230.4	52.1	1.1	34.1	0.2	87.5	
September	167.9	3.7	75.3	0.6	247.5	59.1	1.2	34.6	0.1	95.0	
December	160.8	3.5	67.9	0.3	232.5	54.8	1.0	35.5	0.2	91.6	
1995											
March	130.4	2.9	81.4	1.1	215.9	44.2	1.0	36.6	0.1	81.8	

(a) Includes plywood, veneer and sliced timber production converted to an equivalent cubic measurement. (b) Includes blackwood, myrtle, sassafras etc. (c) Radiata pine. (d) Includes Huon pine, celery top pine and King William pine.

Table 25. Chipping and grinding of wood (a), Tasmania

Year or quarter	Materials used ('000 m ³) (c)			Sawmill offcuts	Chipped and ground wood production ('000 tonnes green weight)
	Producing locations (no.) (b)	Logs delivered (d)			
1991-92	33	3 173.1		283.8	3 356.0
1992-93	31	3 350.6		295.8	3 565.8
1993-94	30	3 448.8		339.8	3 726.1
1993 —					
March	31	805.0		62.2	826.7
June	30	902.7		76.0	960.6
September	31	970.4		88.3	1 027.9
December	31	818.5		96.9	885.8
1994 —					
March	31	818.3		71.3	868.3
June	30	841.6		83.3	944.0
September	30	939.8		86.3	991.3
December	31	1 065.8		92.0	1 115.4
1995 —					
March	31	1 090.6		95.7	1 177.1

(a) Both hardwoods and softwoods, separate details are not available. (b) Capable of producing at end of year or actually producing during quarter. (c) Data reported by weight, converted to cubic measure by the factor 0.95 m³ per tonne. (d) Includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets.

Table 26. Logs delivered for milling or chipping, Tasmania ('000 m³)

Year or quarter	Sawmilling and plywood milling			Chipping and grinding (a)			Total		
	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total
1991-92	608.5	197.1	805.6	1 757.2	1 415.9	3 173.1	2 365.7	1 613.0	3 978.7
1992-93	698.9	184.3	883.2	1 753.4	1 597.2	3 350.6	2 452.3	1 781.5	4 233.7
1993-94	696.5	203.9	900.4	1 697.0	1 751.8	3 448.8	2 393.5	1 955.7	4 349.2
1993 —									
March	150.6	52.4	203.0	437.1	367.9	805.0	587.8	420.3	1 008.0
June	191.8	47.2	239.0	473.3	429.4	902.7	665.1	476.6	1 141.7
September	181.7	58.5	240.3	488.1	482.2	970.4	669.8	540.7	1 210.7
December	161.7	45.2	206.9	417.5	401.0	818.5	579.2	446.2	1 025.4
1994 —									
March	170.9	51.9	222.8	393.7	424.6	818.3	564.6	476.5	1 041.1
June	182.2	48.3	230.4	397.7	443.9	841.6	579.9	492.2	1 072.0
September	197.1	50.4	247.5	481.0	458.8	939.8	678.1	509.1	1 187.2
December	178.1	54.4	232.5	467.9	597.8	1 065.8	646.1	652.2	1 298.3
1995 —									
March	182.2	33.6	215.9	480.3	610.3	1 090.6	662.5	644.0	1 306.5

(a) Logs used are generally below sawmilling standard; includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets. (b) Comprises all areas (including concession areas) from which royalties are payable to the Forestry Commission.

Table 27. Building approvals, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building			Value of total dwelling units (\$'000)	Value of alterations and additions (a) to residential building (\$'000)	Value of non-residential building (b)		Total value of building (\$'000)	
	No. of houses	No. of other residential buildings (c)	Total no. of dwelling units			Conversions etc. (no.)	Private		Total
							(\$'000)		(\$'000)
1991-92	2 869	1 034	3 903	260 296	n.a.	32 637	68 980	105 941	398 873
1992-93	2 956	1 138	4 094	275 262	n.a.	33 050	62 416	103 107	411 419
1993-94	3 113	1 034	4 147	301 963	11	39 522	81 251	145 922	487 407
1992--									
May	236	83	319	21 065	—	2 136	6 886	6 943	30 144
1994									
May	271	77	348	24 627	—	4 337	6 555	13 264	42 228
1995 --									
February	216	43	259	19 559	—	2 977	6 347	10 177	32 713
March	236	50	286	21 890	2	3 549	8 635	10 934	36 373
April	170	29	199	16 776	1	2 937	8 039	15 677	35 390
May	211	40	251	20 201	—	2 922	12 247	14 290	37 413

(a) Valued at \$10 000 and over. (b) Comprises non-residential building (new plus alterations and additions) valued at \$30 000 and over from July 1988, and valued at \$50 000 and over from July 1990. Previous figures are for values of \$10 000 and over. (c) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

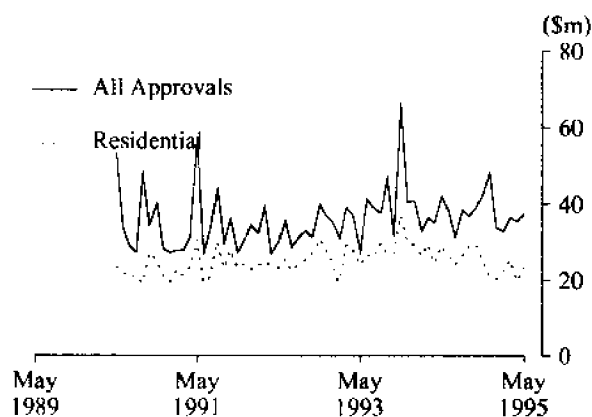
VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVALS
Tasmania

Table 28. Dwelling commencements, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building						No. of other residential buildings (a)	Total no. of dwelling units
	No. of houses							
	Double brick	Brick veneer	Fibre cement	Timber	Other and not stated	Total houses		
1991-92	238	1 866	67	500	78	2 749	1 024	3 773
1992-93	277	1 933	103	447	65	2 825	1 129	3 954
1993-94	306	2 120	103	441	79	3 049	973	4 022
1992 --								
April	19	152	9	27	5	212	99	311
1994 -								
April	22	164	9	32	8	235	39	274
1995 --								
January	5	129	4	20	1	159	44	203
February	13	133	5	38	9	198	42	240
March	6	167	5	54	8	240	52	292
April	13	111	6	35	3	168	29	197

(a) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b) (\$m)

Month	Deposits				Statement savings accounts
	Current bearing interest	Current – not bearing interest	Fixed	Investment savings accounts	
1994 —					
July	519	310	1 256	614	199
August	516	304	1 346	616	199
September	517	305	1 379	619	202
October	531	304	1 377	622	202
November	548	301	1 413	618	199
December	562	312	1 481	607	198
1995 —					
January	553	298	1 520	600	194
February	549	293	1 539	588	191
March	547	301	1 565	581	189
April	540	295	1 590	569	186
May	544	281	1 599	560	186

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b) (\$m) (continued)

Month	Deposits — continued			Loans (c)
	Passbook/School savings accounts	Other	Total	
1994 —				
July	249	150	3 297	3 872
August	244	152	3 375	3 886
September	237	150	3 408	3 883
October	231	153	3 420	3 920
November	228	154	3 460	3 975
December	222	152	3 534	4 001
1995 —				
January	219	150	3 533	4 027
February	214	149	3 524	4 058
March	209	152	3 544	4 098
April	204	146	3 531	4 115
May	203	132	3 505	4 131

(a) Due to changes to the *Banking Act 1959* in December 1989, which removed the distinction between trading and savings banks, figures previously published in this table are no longer comparable with those shown above. (b) Details are the averages of weekly figures for each month. The figures are derived from returns submitted by banks authorised under the *Banking Act* together with similar returns voluntarily submitted by the State banks; they exclude the Reserve Bank. (c) Excludes non-resident loans.

Table 30. Private new capital expenditure by type of asset, Tasmania (a) (\$m)

Year or quarter	New buildings and structures	Equipment, plant, and machinery	Total
1989–90	88	487	575
1990–91	180	416	596
1991–92	79	359	438
1992–93	104	342	446
1993–94	98	343	441
1993 —			
December	15	79	94
1994 —			
March	15	58	73
June	51	122	173
September	25	89	114
December	20	122	142
1995 —			
March	45	133	178

(a) Estimates based on a sample survey and therefore subject to sampling variability. Covers selected industries only — mining, manufacturing, finance, property and other selected industries.

Table 31. Passenger arrivals and departures, Tasmania (a)

(Source: Department of Tourism, Sport & Recreation)

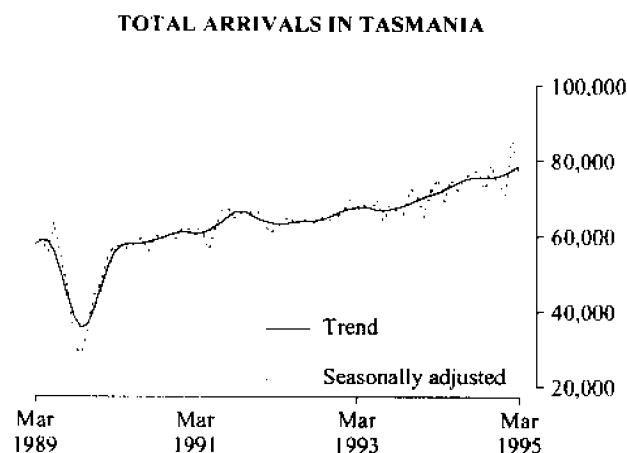
Period	Arrivals				Cruise ships		
	By air			Total	Total departures (b)		
	Interstate	Inter-national	By sea		Arrivals	Departures	
1991	625 366	5 897	131 375	762 638	764 731	6 720	6 663
1992	652 092	4 428	114 969	771 489	761 109	4 608	4 608
1993	694 244	5 144	115 381	814 769	814 835	2 033	2 033
1994	745 508	4 166	128 644	878 318	880 936	56 592	6 592
1994 —							
March	66 848	414	13 054	80 316	85 030	1 064	1 064
1995 —							
January	80 818	318	12 430	93 566	115 126	1 368	1 368
February	78 700	269	11 704	90 673	81 727	1 772	1 772
March	68 790	351	13 087	82 228	86 348	659	659

(a) The following persons are not included in these statistics: passengers under three years of age accompanied by an adult; passengers travelling on chartered flights with minor carriers; passengers travelling on private or VIP flights; and passengers from or departing for overseas other than direct flights to New Zealand. (b) The proportion of departing passengers who were visitors was shown to be about 58 per cent in the 1981 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, 55 per cent in the 1984 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, about 53 per cent in the 1986 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, almost 65 per cent in the 1990 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, and just over 58 per cent in the 1993 Tasmanian Visitor Survey.

Table 32. Total passenger arrivals by air and sea into Tasmania

Period	Original	Seasonally adjusted (a)	Trend
1994			
March	80 316	75 487	71 588
1995			
January	93 566	71 017	76 727
February	90 673	85 673	77 576
March	82 228	77 026	78 476

(a) There is an annual recalculation of seasonal adjustment factors to include the most recent year's arrivals. This occurs at the end of each financial year and may cause revisions to previously published seasonally adjusted and trend figures. A full time series of seasonally adjusted and trend series from January 1971 is available on request, telephone (002) 20 5870.



Source: Dept. of Tourism, Sport & Recreation

Table 33. Accommodation statistics, Tasmania

Hotels, motels, etc. with facilities

Period	Number of establishments	Guest rooms	Room nights		Room occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
					(%)	(\$'000)
March quarter —						
1993	180	5 183	n.a.		65.6	22 068
1994	178	5 334			66.2	22 812
1995	177	5 380			68.2	24 963
1993 —						
January	n.a.	n.a.	81 311	79 586	63.0	7 427
February	n.a.	n.a.	81 739	80 415	63.5	6 628
March	180	5 183	82 458	80 648	70.2	8 012
1994 —						
January	n.a.	n.a.	82 019	85 054	60.8	7 294
February	n.a.	n.a.	86 846	86 326	65.7	7 001
March	178	5 334	86 570	87 638	72.2	8 518
1995 —						
January	n.a.	n.a.	81 409	87 180	61.8	7 971
February	n.a.	n.a.	92 170	87 960	69.2	7 713
March	177	5 380	90 464	88 842	73.7	9 279

Holiday units

Period	Number of establishments	Number of units	Unit nights		Unit occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
					(%)	(\$'000)
March quarter —						
1993	45	730	n.a.		72.3	3 471
1994	53	797			70.1	3 725
1995	55	867			72.7	4 391
1993 —						
January	n.a.	n.a.	11 993	12 227	78.9	1 399
February	n.a.	n.a.	12 640	12 254	69.0	1 004
March	45	730	12 387	12 134	68.8	1 068
1994 —						
January	n.a.	n.a.	12 573	12 784	75.7	1 407
February	n.a.	n.a.	13 080	13 144	65.5	1 087
March	53	797	13 540	13 437	68.6	1 231
1995 —						
January	n.a.	n.a.	13 729	14 336	75.9	1 649
February	n.a.	n.a.	15 207	14 683	70.1	1 334
March	55	867	15 452	14 993	71.9	1 408

Caravan parks

Period	Number of establishments	Number of sites and cabins (a)	Site occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
March quarter —				
1993	67	6 371	39.0	2 499
1994	70	6 715	36.4	2 595
1995	75	6 834	39.2	2 886
1993 —				
January	n.a.	n.a.	47.0	1 039
February	n.a.	n.a.	37.7	799
March	67	6 371	32.2	661
1994 —				
January	n.a.	n.a.	42.7	1 050
February	n.a.	n.a.	35.1	792
March	70	6 715	31.4	753
1995 —				
January	n.a.	n.a.	45.5	1 156
February	n.a.	n.a.	38.1	887
March	75	6 834	34.0	844

(a) At end of quarter.

Table 34. Registrations of new motor vehicles (a), Tas.

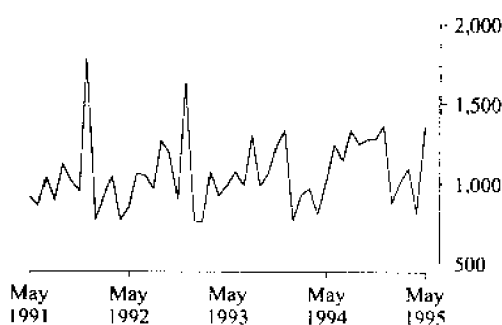
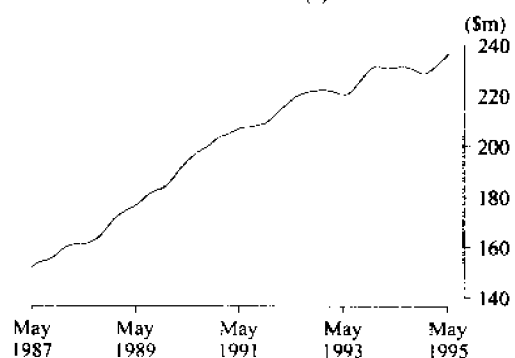
Year or month	Passenger vehicles	Other vehicles (b)	Total (excl. motor cycles)	Vehicles registered by	
				vehicle rental businesses (c)	Motor cycles
1992	9 881	2 555	12 436	1 271	371
1993	10 019	2 478	12 497	1 507	440
1994	10 543	2 837	13 380	1 708	376
1993 --					
May	757	232	989	14	27
1994 --					
May	743	274	1 017	1	28
June	860	383	1 243	21	25
July	944	208	1 152	222	29
August	1 089	242	1 331	264	33
September	1 048	199	1 247	371	30
October	1 024	250	1 274	178	26
November	1 011	269	1 280	140	34
December	1 146	217	1 363	440	48
1995 --					
January	679	200	879	7	35
February	777	226	1 003	33	33
March	879	218	1 097	1	57
April	593	226	819	1	24
May	974	383	1 357	6	28

(a) Includes State and Commonwealth Government-owned motor vehicles other than those belonging to the defence services. Excludes tractors, plant and equipment, caravans and trailers. (b) Comprises utilities, panel vans, rigid and articulated trucks and other truck-type vehicles (i.e. motor vehicles designed for purposes other than freight carrying, e.g. campervans, tow trucks, ambulances and hearses) and buses. (c) These figures are included in previous columns.

Table 35. Turnover of retail establishments at current prices, Tasmania (a)

Period	Original (\$m)	Trend estimates (b)	
		(\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year
1993 -- May	211.8	220.3	0.9
1994 -- May	225.9	231.3	5.0
June	217.1	231.5	4.9
July	224.0	231.5	4.3
August	220.8	231.2	3.1
September	223.2	230.6	1.8
October	224.2	229.6	0.3
November	233.7	228.8	- 0.8
December	312.1	229.0	- 1.1
1995 --			
January	220.9	230.1	- 0.6
February	211.8	231.8	0.3
March	232.7	r 233.5	r 1.2
April	229.7	r 235.1	r 1.8
May	229.0	236.5	2.2

(a) Survey has been re-designed see Information Paper (8511.0). (b) Trend estimates revised each month.

REGISTRATIONS OF NEW MOTOR VEHICLES
TASMANIA
(excluding motorcycles)RETAIL TURNOVER - TREND
Tasmania (a)

Major Statistical Indicators

Table 36. Major statistical indicators — Australia and State comparisons

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic.</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>Tas.</i>	<i>Aust.(a)</i>
Population							
Estimated resident population, December 1994 ('000) p	6 081.2	4 487.0	3 233.9	1 471.9	1 715.3	472.6	17 938.5
Proportion of Australian population, December 1994 (%)	33.9	25.0	18.0	8.2	9.6	2.6	100.0
Population growth rate, 12 months to December 1994 (%)	1.0	0.4	2.5	0.4	1.7	0.1	1.1
Labour Force							
Employment growth, 12 months to June 1995 (trend series) (%)							
Males	4.1	3.1	3.9	0.8	3.8	1.3	3.4
Females	4.1	6.6	9.4	3.5	8.0	5.4	6.0
Persons	4.1	4.6	6.2	2.0	5.6	3.0	4.1
Unemployment rate (trend series), June 1995 (%)	7.6	8.5	8.9	10.1	7.3	9.8	8.3
Unemployment growth, 12 months to June 1995 (trend series) (%)	- 19.8	- 19.3	2.2	- 4.2	- 8.9	- 8.0	- 12.5
Participation rate (trend series), June 1995 (%)	62.1	63.7	65.6	62.1	67.2	60.7	63.8
Average weekly overtime worked per employee, May 1995 (hours)	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.2
Job vacancy rate, May 1995 (%)	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.9
Working days lost through industrial disputes, 12 months to April 1995 (days per '000 employees)	70	65	131	46	43	30	73
Wages and Prices							
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees (original series) February 1995 (\$)							
Males	767.70	732.00	682.00	699.90	758.60	668.50	735.40
Females	606.70	578.20	541.90	572.80	553.60	554.00	581.50
Persons	708.30	676.60	633.10	658.50	683.60	631.30	680.00
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees, growth rate, 12 months to February 1995 (%)	5.5	6.0	2.5	4.3	6.1	0.9	4.8
Consumer price index, all groups, annual growth to March quarter 1995 (%)	4.2	3.4	4.5	3.7	4.1	3.8	3.9
Building							
Percentage change in the number of new residential dwelling units approved in twelve months ended May 1995, over the same period previous year	11.7	- 0.6	- 13.3	- 12.5	- 11.8	- 22.2	- 5.0
Finance and Retail Trade							
Percentage change in private new capital expenditure, twelve months ended March 1995, over the same period previous year	38.7	4.8	21.3	40.4	18.1	54.1	22.3
Percentage change in trend estimates turnover of retail establishments, May 1995 (change from corresponding month of the previous year)	5.8	9.6	8.8	13.6	4.7	2.2	7.7
Transport							
Percentage change in number of new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered twelve months ended May 1995, over the same period previous year	15.6	12.9	7.8	11.2	6.5	12.6	11.8
Agriculture							
Percentage change in the number of livestock slaughtered twelve months ended May 1995 over the same period previous year							
Cattle and calves	2.3	5.7	- 12.0	1.7	- 3.2	7.8	- 2.4
Sheep and lambs	7.6	- 2.2	38.7	5.0	20.4	12.6	- 3.6
Tourism							
Room occupancy rates for hotels, motels etc. with facilities, March quarter 1995 (%)	58.8	55.9	59.4	53.4	59.2	68.2	58.1
Australian National and State Accounts							
Percentage change in GSP (GDP), Constant Price (b) Trend Series							
Dec qtr 1994 to Mar qtr 1995	0.5	0.9	0.3	- 0.1	1.2	1.1	0.5
Mar qtr 1994 to Mar qtr 1995	3.2	4.7	4.6	- 0.8	5.6	2.5	4.0

(a) Australian totals include the ACT and NT.

(b) This is the first quarter for which constant price estimates have been published.



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